

THE CONSEQUENCES OF CORRUPTION AND ANTI-CORRUPTION MEASURES

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ABSTRACT

In the period of globalization, this article covers the corruption and its detrimental effects, which are on the rise globally. There were opinions that corruption hinders the growth of the state and society.

KEYWORDS: *Society And State, Legal Education, Corruption, Bribery, And Political Awareness.*

INTRODUCTION

Urgent issues include ensuring the supremacy of law over the state and society, creating justice, developing competitive staff at all levels, and enhancing the quality of education. Preventing corruption by guaranteeing the openness of these directives creates the foundation for the development crucial. Corruption is an established and popularized phrase, whereas bribery and bribing in the vernacular are believed to be universally intelligible synonyms. The meaning of corruption in Latin is "corruption." This is the unlawful and immoral use of power and privileges by certain authorities for their own personal gain. The word corruption is mostly used to the political system. Also considered corruption is buying and selling officials for bribes.

Shavkat Mirziyoyev, the leader of our nation, pays particular attention to the fact that it is a top priority to develop a more pervasive solution for the sense of justice that our people hold in the highest regard. The President has enacted stringent measures to combat corruption, different crimes, and other infractions in our society, to prevent them and to ensure that the law guarantees that criminals will be punished.

Adopted by the Legislative Chamber on November 24, 2016, ratified by the Senate on December 13, 2016, and signed into law on December 3, 2017 by the President. In this respect, the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Combating Corruption," which was signed in January 2017 and went into effect on January 4, 2017 was a significant development. Today, every country fights against corruption. Each state and society choose and fight for its own anti-corruption strategies. According to experts, corruption is synonymous with "selling." The practice of delivering presents to tribal leaders in order to get a specific status within the tribe is regarded to be the ancestor of corruption. However, the state's complexity and centralization demonstrate that corruption is a significant impediment to its progress. Sumerian polity was the first nation to wage war against corruption. Ancient governments were very concerned about corruption, because this circumstance has caused considerable concern for the state's image as well as would severely harm the state's image. Even among the biggest faiths of the world, bribing of law enforcement agents is severely forbidden. In the Holy Qur'an, it is stated: "Do not take the

property of others unjustly", and "Do not bribe your rulers with your possessions to get things that belong to others".

Analyses demonstrate that official actions are insufficient to combat and prevent corruption, but that substantial collaboration across civic institutions is necessary and effective in this regard. Civic institutions, non-governmental non-profit organizations are now a significant factor in the protection of democratic values, human rights and freedoms, and legal interests; they create conditions for citizens to realize their potential, to increase their social, socio-economic activity, and legal culture; and they contribute to the maintenance of a balance of interests in society.

Corruption is a dreadful scourge that plagues society in a variety of ways. This vice undermines the principles of the rule of law, contributes to the violation of human rights, impedes the operation of markets, diminishes the quality of life, and provides the circumstances for crime, terrorism, and other negative occurrences. This destructive phenomena exists in all nations, regardless of their size, wealth, or level of development. Although the global society is making tremendous efforts to eradicate this terrible illness, it has not yet been eradicated. Low legal literacy of the populace - if the populace does not know or comprehend the laws, it gives opportunities for the official to utilize them for his own personal gain. Corruption has a detrimental effect on reforms in the political, economic, social, and cultural elements of a country, as well as the country's image on the world stage. Typical forms of corruption include bribery, fraud, and extortion. If these crimes continue, residents' mistrust of the governmental system will rise. Corruption, whether it occurs in education, health, or other sectors, is analogous to hacking at the roots of civilization, because someone with knowledge and intellect will never be corrupt. He accomplishes his objective via intellect and diligence. Only stupid and uneducated individuals are capable of such conduct. The main reason is that there is no other way to get a diploma. In this situation, it is vital to terminate acquaintanceships. For instance, if the instructor did not work on himself but instead studied and obtained his degree via a friend, what type of adults will the children he raises become in the future if he does not love and dedicate himself to his profession? Or, suppose a doctor learned and obtained a position by bribery; then we will leave our health on his hands. To the "businessmen" who pursue just money, property, and their father's good name? No, such a civilization does not progress at all; rather, it saws and kills its own life sources. We must raise the number of young people who are mature, educated, talented, demanding, and inquisitive in our society and pave the road for them. Currently, we all experience little instances of corruption in our society. However, it's positive that our nation is currently attempting to eliminate similar incidents. If a person lives his life with integrity, using his knowledge, energy, and creativity, he will not tolerate corruption and will comprehend its repercussions.

In our country, anti-corruption and criminal prevention measures are consistently adopted. Legal papers are adopted and executed in sectors of state and societal life where corruption is an issue. In specifically, the Anti-Corruption Agency was founded according to the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated 29 June 2020 "On Additional Measures to Improve the System of Combating Corruption in the Republic of Uzbekistan." With the UN Convention on Combating Corruption, the Republic of Uzbekistan ratified international accords to fight corruption. Officials continue to conduct corruption-related crimes despite the fact that a variety of procedures are in place to combat corruption in our nation. To combat corruption, it is vital to increase the population's legal awareness and legal culture. Because those with a high degree of legal awareness and culture do not tolerate such vice-corruption. State agencies' obligation to the public is an indication of the vitality of a civil society. In addition to fraud and

abuse in the health care industry, corruption has also taken root. To combat corruption, it is vital to develop the legal culture, detect and eliminate instances of bribery and greed, and ensure that everyone is aware that such crimes are punished.

Conclusion

A person who from an early age learns to work correctly and live honestly will enjoy a happy life. He recognizes that injustice, disdain for the law, and betrayal of his profession and trust are inadmissible, and he has the courage and conviction to combat bribery and corruption.

In the future, young people will be bold and conscientious. A person who is honest always succeeds in life and lives happily. Young people who have made a courageous step in the direction of their activities and objectives should advance without corruption.

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