

---

**ARCHAEOLOGICAL WORK AND RESEARCH OF THE UZBEK-FRENCH  
EXPEDITION ON THE TERRITORY OF THE SAMARKAND SOGD  
DURING THE YEARS OF INDEPENDENCE OF UZBEKISTAN**

**Farmanova Gulnara Komilevna\***

\*Senior Lecturer,  
Department of World History,  
Ferghana State University,  
Ferghana City, UZBEKISTAN  
E-mail: farmanova.gulya@gmail.com

**DOI: 10.5958/2249-7315.2022.00047.8**

---

**ABSTRACT**

*The author of the article claims that after gaining independence in Uzbekistan, the attitude to historical science, including archaeological research on the territory of the republic, has radically changed. The article provides data on the ongoing archaeological research and archaeological work in order to study and research in Uzbekistan, including the archaeological study of the Samarkand Sogd. The article presents the material on the directions of development of archaeological science in Uzbekistan and in the Samarkand Sogd on the example of the works of major scientists and specialists who carried out archaeological excavations at the present stage. The author notes major international archaeological expeditions, their achievements during the period under study, as well as the role of international expeditions in the development of methods of conducting archaeological research.*

**KEYWORDS:** *Uzbekistan, Samarkand Sogd, Archeology, Archaeologists, History, Ancient, Historical Sources, Archaeological Excavations, Archaeological Finds, Archaeological Methods, Archaeological Research, and Archaeological International Expedition, Per Iodization.*

---

**REFERENCES:**

1. Бернар П, Грене Ф, Исамиддинов МХ. Основные результаты узбекско-французской экспедиции на Афрасиабе в 1990-1991 гг. *Общественные науки в Узбекистане*. 1994;(3-4).
2. Грене Ф. Общественное здание греческого периода (III-II вв. до н.э.). Отчет узбекско-французской археологической экспедиции на городище Коктепа и Афрасиабе за 2000 год. Архив Института археологии АН РУз. Фонд 4. Самарканд; 2001.
3. Исамиддинов МХ. К вопросу о возникновении древнего города на Афрасиабе. Самарканд; 2007.
4. Исамиддинов МХ. Истоки городской культуры Самаркандского Согда (проблемы взаимодействия культурных традиций в эпоху раннежелезного века и в период античности). Taskent: Издательство народного наследия имени А. Кадыри; 2002.
5. Рапен К. Коктепа в период железного века до прихода Ахеменидов. Роль города Самарканда в истории мирового культурного развития. /Материалы Международного научного симпозиума, посвященного 2750-летию юбилею города Самарканда. Ташкент-Самарканд; 2007.

6. Рапен К, Исамиддинов М. Коктепа и процесс урбанизации долины Зерафшана в эпоху железа. Древняя и средневековая урбанизация Евразии и возраст города Шымкент. Материалы Международной научно-практической конференции 16 октября 2008 г. Шымкент; 2008.
7. Отчет об археологических работах узбекско-французской экспедиции за 1999 г. Архив Института археологии АН РУз. Фонд 4. Самарканд; 1999.
8. Отчет Узбекско-Французской экспедиции за 2007 год. Архив Института археологии АН РУз. Фонд 4. Самарканд; 2008.
9. Karev Yu. Batiments palatiaux islamiques sur la terrasse inferieure de la citadelle. Отчет об археологических раскопках Узбекско-Французской экспедиции на Афрасиабе в 2006 году. Самарканд; 2007.
10. Rapin CL, Isamididinov M, Khasanov M. La tombe d'une princesse nomade A`Koktepe pres de Samarkand. Academie des inscriptions Belles-Lettres, Paris. Diffusion de Boccard 11, Rue de Medicis; 2001.
11. Rapin CL, Isamididinov M. Fortifications hellenistiques de Samarcande (Samarkand-Afrasiab). TOPOI. Orient – Occident; 1994;4(2).
12. Isamididinov M. The history of emergence of Sughd Cities. EPRA International Journal of Research and Development. 2020;5(10):125–128.
13. Mirsoatova ST. New data on the late paleolithic of the Fergana valley. Евразийский союз ученых. 2020;10(79/4):25–29.
14. Farmanova GK. The role of the geographic environment and climatic conditions in the formation of economic-cultural type of population when during ancient and antic period. *Academicia: An International Multidisciplinary Research Journal*. 2020;10(11):1612–1622.
15. Rakhmatillayev H. Ethnodynamics of the city population of the Fergana valley of the first half of the XX century. EPRA International Journal of Research and Development. 2020;5(5):532–535.
16. Arslonzoda R. Memoirs as a source on the history of Uzbekistan in the second half of the 19<sup>th</sup> – early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. EPRA International Journal of Research and Development. 2020;5(10):119–124.
17. Mahmudov O. The beginning of the European renaissance. EPRA International Journal of Research and Development. 2020;5(7):104–108.
18. Yuldashev S. Visit of chinese ambassador dung wan to Fergana. The history of the Fergana valley in new researches. *Fergana*; 2021.pp.123–131.
19. Farmanova GK. The role of the geographic environment and climatic conditions in the formation of economic-cultural type of population when during ancient and antic period. *Academicia: An International Multidisciplinary Research Journal*. 2020;10(11):1612-1622.
20. Komilevna FG. Archaeological Research and Observations of Russian and European Scientists and Travelers on Afrasiyab and in the Samarkand Oasis in the Second Half of the XIX-Early XX Centuries. *Central Asian Journal of Social Sciences and History*. 2021;2(9): 62-68.

21. Farmanova G. Composition and Development of the Methods of Archaeological Surveys in Uzbekistan in the 30-50s of the XX Century. Research support center conferences. 2021;18(5).