
THE PRACTICE, STATUS AND PROSPECTS OF REHABILITATION OF NEEDY STRATA OF THE POPULATION IN UZBEKISTAN

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ABSTRACT

In the article, the author sees and scientifically analyzes the optimal ways to solve the problems arising in the provision of medical social services, the types, conditions of medical social services, the specific features of provision of medical social services, the participation of state bodies and non-governmental organizations in the provision of medical social services in the Republic of Uzbekistan in institutions and centers.

KEYWORDS: *Medical Social Services, "Saxovat" Houses, "Muruvvat" Boarding Houses Center For The Rehabilitation Of Persons With Disabilities, State Bodies And Non-Profit Organizations, Sociological Analysis, Persons With Disabilities, Pension, Pension, Agency, Regulation, Category Of The Needy Population, Elderly.*

INTRODUCTION

From the disciplines of social work, we know that in society there have always been people in need of social protection. In ancient times, even in primitive societies, people who fell into a difficult life situation because of their illness, bedridden, underdeveloped, were helped, and they were protected. Social relations, which took a wide place in the history of the countries of Central Asia, formed and developed some time ago the experience of providing social services in relation to other continental countries.

Although the experience of providing social services to the needy strata of the population in Uzbekistan has been regulated for some time in the state of the former USSR, with the country gaining its independence, significant work has been carried out in the field of social services at the academic and professional level, and the base of normative legal acts on social

In particular, the updated law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On social services for the elderly, disabled and other socially needy categories of the population" was adopted on December 26, 2016 in Uzbekistan, in accordance with Article 6 of this law" single elderly and elderly people in need of the care of others, disabled children of I and II groups, disabled children, citizens with orphan children and children deprived of parental care are the socially needy categories of the population" [1] the norm is enshrined. A system of social protection of people of the same category and provision of social services worthy of them has been established.

In the analysis of the activities of government agencies, institutions and centers providing social services to the needy strata of the population, it is possible to first proceed to the structural structure of the agency for the development of medical and social services and the main functions and functions of the agency. The agency was established on September 4, 2019 in accordance with the decree of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan № 729, and on March 25, 2021 it was reorganized according to the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On organization of the activities of the agency for the development of medical and social services in the According to the resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated

June 12, 2021 № 366 "on approval of the Charter of the agency for the development of medical and social services of the Republic of Uzbekistan". According to its unique structure, the agency provides medical and Social Services Agency (at the Republican level), 14 medical and social services development departments of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent City (regional departments), 205 medical and social services development departments, 28 "Saxovat" for persons with disabilities and the elderly, 6 boarding houses, 11 elderly, disabled persons, sanatoriums for veterans of war and labor, National Center for rehabilitation and prosthetics, its regional centers, 15 Republican medical and social expertise's, its territorial units, 1 Republican Rehabilitation Center for assistance to victims of trafficking in Persons and Republican boarding house for veterans of war and labor are functioning.

To the agency system "Saxovat" and "Muruvvat" boarding houses, the National Center for rehabilitation and prosthetics of persons with disabilities, the Republic of Karakalpakstan for persons with disabilities, Regional Rehabilitation Centers of Regions and Tashkent City, sanatoriums and boarding houses for veterans of war and labor, the Republican medical and social expertise center and its regional divisions, the Republican Rehabilitation Center for assistance to victims, The fund for supporting the activities of boarding houses "Saxovat" and "Muruvvat", which are not considered legal entities under the Ministry of Health, and the funds for support of persons with disabilities are included [2].

In accordance with Chapter 3 of the Charter of the agency, the agency carries out the following functions and functions: carries out a single state policy in the field of providing medical and social services to the elderly, persons with disabilities and other categories of the population in need of social protection, organizes and manages the activities of medical and social institutions, including boarding, coordinates and methodical management of the activities of state bodies and organizations in the provision of medical and social services, organizes the conduct of scientific research in the field of medical, professional and social rehabilitation of persons with disabilities, as well as the training of specialists, organizes the activities of providing needy persons with prosthetic-orthopedic items and technical means of rehabilitation, analyzes and, coordinates the system of medical and social rehabilitation and psychological support of victims of trafficking in persons, organizes the implementation of legislative acts on the rights of persons with disabilities [3].

Among the tasks set out in the Charter of the agency, the development of the sphere of medical social services along with the provision of medical social services to the needy categories of the population and the study of the essence and nature of the social problems that have arisen, the scientific approach to solving problems and adaptation of the advanced experience of

The Charter of the agency consists of 9 chapters consisting of general rules, the agency system, the main functions and functions of the agency, the rights and responsibility of the agency and its territorial units, the main functional functions of the heads of the agency, the responsibility of the heads of the agency, the organization of agency activities, financing and material and technical provision of [4].

The order of placement of needy people in boarding houses "Saxovat" and "Muruvvat" approved by the resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated August 23, 2011 № 240 "Saxovat" regulation on boarding houses for elderly and persons with disabilities" and "Muruvvat" regulation on boarding houses for persons with disabilities" [5]. It is possible to mention the implementation on the basis.

The regulation consists of 6 applications, the first application "Saxovat" on boarding houses for the elderly and persons with disabilities, the second application "Muruvvat" on boarding houses for persons with disabilities, the third application "Muruvvat" on boarding houses for children with disabilities, the fourth application "On sanatoriums for the elderly and persons with

disabilities, veterans of war and labor", the fifth application is called "on the Republican boarding house for veterans of war and labor", and the sixth application is called amendments to some decisions of the government of the Republic of Uzbekistan [6].

Single elderly persons without relatives or other persons permanently residing in the Republic of Uzbekistan, who are obliged to take care of them in accordance with the Family Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the boarding houses "Saxovat" in Chapter III of this charter,

According to the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated August 10, 2015 № 237 from 1 January 2016 "1-th paragraph of the article" from the age of 18 to persons with disabilities of groups I and II, as well as elderly people with disabilities of the I group living alone in need of care of other persons, starting from the age of 18, the application of the person with disabilities of I and II Group, as well as the head of the district (City) Medical Association at the place of permanent residence or temporary residence of elder, who lives alone in need of the care of others, "was accepted on the basis of". As for the boarding house "Muruvvat", the application of the parents, the adoptive, the guardian or sponsor appointed by the representative of the state body for guardianship and sponsorship to the boarding house "Muruvvat" on behalf of the head of the district (City) Medical Association at the place of permanent residence or temporary residence for registration, a copy of the boarding certificate, a copy, in accordance with the individual program of rehabilitation of disabled persons issued by the medical-labor expert commission in accordance with the established procedure, children and older persons (ages 14 years and older) are accepted [7].

Currently, there are 6 "Saxovat" houses for elderly and persons with disabilities in Andijan, Kashkadarya, Namangan, Samarkand, Fergana and Tashkent regions. In these "Saxovat" houses live persons with disabilities of 707 elderly people. 223 of them are women. Boarding houses for persons with disabilities "Muruvvat" are 21, these boarding houses "Muruvvat" live 6310 persons with disabilities, of which 3121 are women. In addition, there are 7 boarding houses for children "Muruvvat", in which 1961 children with disabilities live and 31 of them are girls. Sanatoriums for the elderly and persons with disabilities, veterans of war and labor are 11, in these sanatoriums 25 550 elderly and persons with disabilities and veterans of war and labor live. Of these, 13 092 are women. Rehabilitation and prosthetic Centers for persons with disabilities have been established in 12 regions apart from Bukhara and Syrdarya regions in which 10 830 persons with disabilities have been relished. In addition, in the city of Tashkent there was a rehabilitation center for assistance to victims of trafficking in persons, in which about 100 victims were rehabilitated [8].

Summarizing the work carried out in our country on provision of medical social services to the needy population categories of the population and the funds spent on it, it is possible to see in detail that the decree of our President dated 25 March 2021 PD-6195 was issued. "In particular, in the last four years 27 medical and social institutions

Construction and reconstruction works for 267.2 billion sums were carried out and 1327 seats corresponding to modern requirements were put into use. In sanatoriums, the number of healthy elderly and persons with disabilities has increased by 43 thousand people by 20 percent, the number of basic food and hygiene facilities provided free of charge to the elderly and persons with disabilities in need of other people's care has increased by 15.

The list of prosthetic-orthopedic items and rehabilitation technical means, which are given free of charge to persons with disabilities, has been increased from 22 to 27 times [9].

The funds spent and the work done in the text of the decree indicate that the issue of provision of medical social services to needy categories of the population is always a matter of public policy level and the issue of comprehensive support of needy categories of the population is always in the public attention.

From the above information and expressed opinions, such a conclusion can be drawn:

First of all, in Uzbekistan, social services are fully formed for the needs of the population;

Second, the activities related to the provision of social services to the needy stratum of the population are largely regulated by state bodies and the legislation of the country;

Third, the activities of state bodies, institutions and centers providing social medical services to the needy stratum of the population are put into the form of a system and a unique system is formed in the sphere of social services;

Fourth, taking into account the demographic growth of the population in our country, scientific research in the field of social services is aimed at constantly improving the system of activity.

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